

In-Depth Romans Study

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Handout 1

Historical Overview

DATE	EVENT	NOTES
33	Crucifixion and Resurrection /Pentecost	Emperor: Tiberius
34	Stephen murdered	
35}	Paul's revelation	
36/37	Meets w/ Peter (Acts 9)	(37-41) Emperor: Caligula
37-45	Paul in Syria/Cylicia	
44-47} Paul	- Ministers w/ Barnabas in Antioch - 1 st Missionary Journey - Famine in Judea visits Jerusalem	(41-54) Emperor: Claudius
48-49}	Jerusalem – Council Meeting	*Edict of Claudius (49)
49-51 Paul	2 nd Missionary Journey Corinth	
51	Jerusalem	
52-57 Paul	3 rd Missionary Journey (57)writes to Believers in Rome	(54-68) Emperor: Nero * (54) Edict of Claudius expires
57-67 Paul	Arrested – transported to Rome	
66-73	First Jewish Revolt "haMered Ha Gadol	Anti-Tax and anti-pagan Believers "flee to Pella" –Mark Temple destroyed
90}	Rabbinic Council @ Jamnia	Believers denominated as heretics
115-117	Second Jewish Revolt "Kitos' War" Mered ha'galuyot "Rebellion in Exile"	Cyrene, Cyprus, Egypt and then Judea – destruction of pagan temples
132-135	Third Jewish Revolt Mered bar kokhba Bar Kokhba's Revolt	Believers support this at first – them bar Kokhba was proclaimed the messiah – believers withdraw support Jerusalem "plowed under and renamed – Jews expelled
85-160	Marcion Heresy	Marcion rejected the whole OT, saw God the creator as a legalistic demiurge – petty, cruel and jealous – was only a tribal god of the Jews. In Christ we see a "universal" god – loving, benevolent and merciful. Marcion was excommunicated by the "church" in Rome for his heretical theology but his anti-Semitic ideas live on.
312	Constantine become emperor	Constantine make "Christianity" a religio litica – or legal religion AND the religion of the Empire. He remains a pagan until right before his death.